

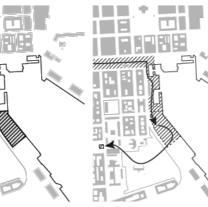
quiet animal

Our proposal takes the form of a Helsinki city block rotated to the harbourfront.

Helsinki city blocks in the 1800s were named after wild animals. The proposed new block will have the tactile familiarity of a pet's fur.

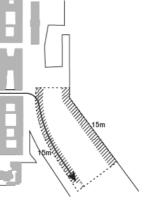
Six timber-clad galleries are stacked over two levels and flanked by a seventh for administration and retail. Public spaces are formed between these and an intelligent textured glass skin wrapping the entirety to precisely diffuse light, translucent below, and transparent above.

The ground floor galleries can join to form one super-space, enabling a wide range of curatorial approaches. Two distinct staircases - one convivially wide, the other helical, enable visitors to wayfind without retracing paths. The wider staircase is also used for film screenings. "Art Kioski" annex for young Nordic art twins the northern market hall and the service pavilion encloses a sculpture garden to the south.



Location Site located between city and landscape

Public Realm Access Site is connected via transport and pedestrian routes to key city Esplanadi and Market continue South to Helsinki Guggenheim and beyond into the design district buildings and landmarks



Site parameters as defined by the brief. Existing road is widened to allow extra 5m for pavement and

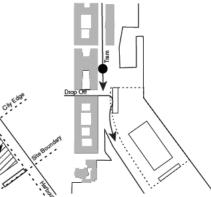
10m for vehicle access

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Historic city block scale is rotated onto the site to form the main

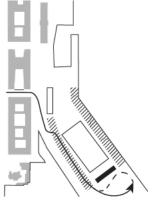
City Grid

Old Market Hall and new Art Kioski museum volume

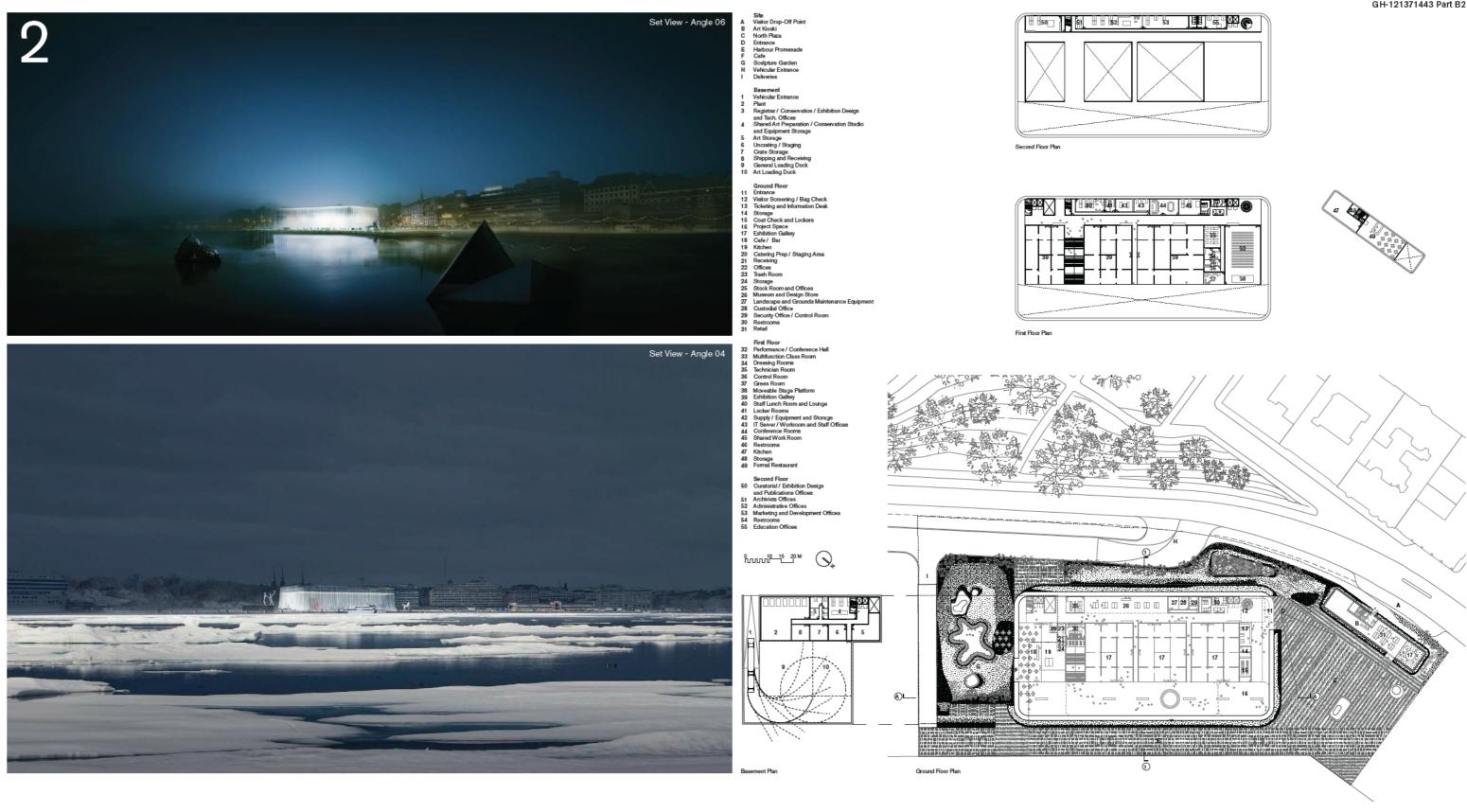


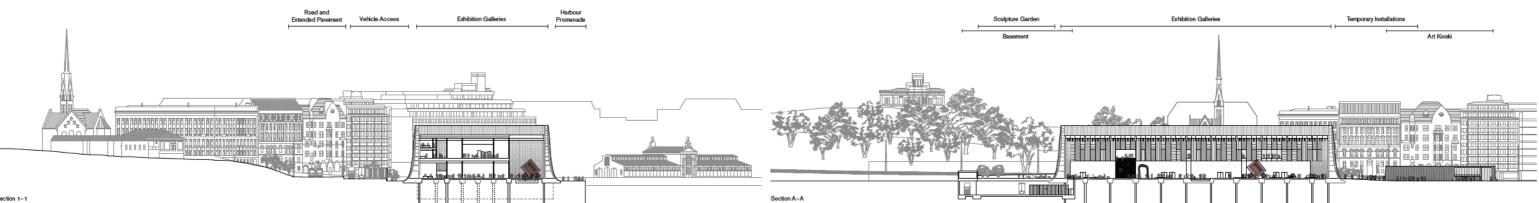


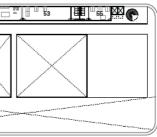
Public transport feeds into the site and the Art Kioski provides a visitor and VIP drop-off point



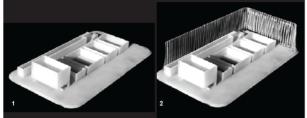
Ferry Terminal access is maintained along the western edge of the site. and separated by a boundary wall concealing the vehicle access

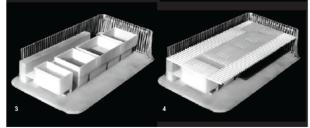












1 - Ground floor and plinth 2 - Facade 3 - First floor gallery spaces and admin block 4 - Roof structure Entrance at ground floo









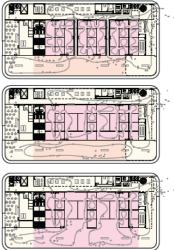




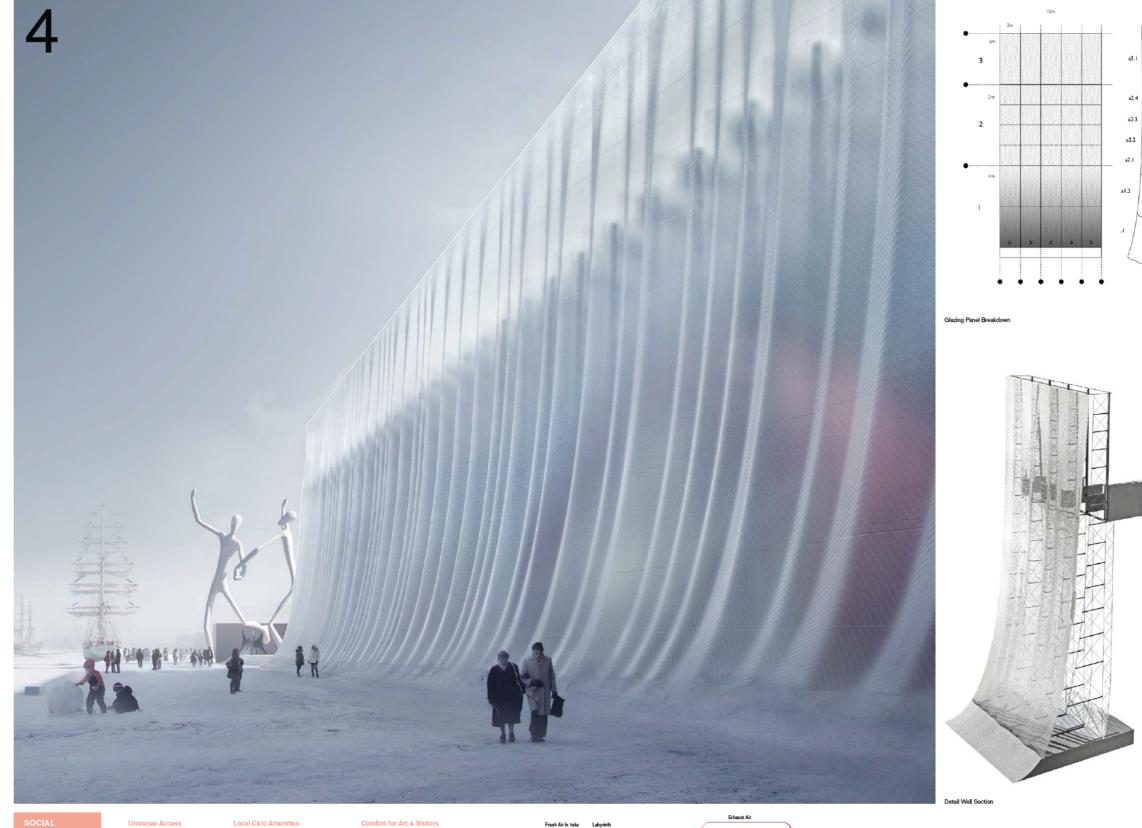


Hal facing harbour and naturally lit through facade





imber clad upper







FINANCIAL



€130M Project Budget Funding Models

State Helsinki 50% 50% 2Å&2B

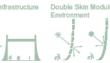
District Heating

State

100%

1A&1B





€100m

Guggenhein

* 31

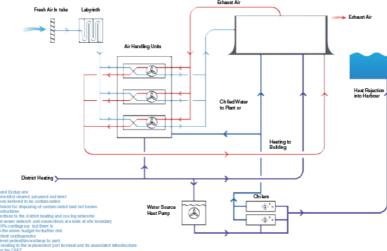


Project Benchmarking Cost/m² For Visitor Attractions €112m nitial Costing €87m VE optic 6 21 22 9 9081 €7,8

22⁰C

51% RH

Careful Use of Durable Materials

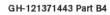


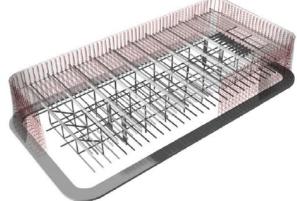
<u>%</u> 18 -<u>tite t tett</u> 10 thtpt t t 11 1 1941 111 1 11 Enviro onditioned space. 2 Fully-conditioned space. 3 Nanogel low U-value transl

Nanogel glazing skylight for daylighting galley.
 Translucent fabric daylight ceiling.
 High performance roct.
 Displacement ventilation terminals integrated into internal finishes to provide vertificated into space.
 Pipework embedded into alab to silently provide efficient heating and cooling.
 Ethaust air and waste heat from the galerise is discharged to the main hall and then through the facade.

High th

control conditions.
 Low energy LED lighting with daylight controls and dimming fully integrated into the daylight.

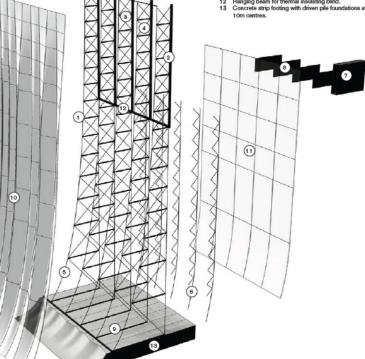








- Vertical cable truss at 10m centres. 100x100mm SHS, stiffening structure above roof 50x50mm SHS, horizontal struts. Secondary cross-bracing, 10mm diameter cables. 10mm Diameter cable following profile of exterior glazing parels.
- glazing panels. 500mm x 2m Hollow box section at 10m centres
- 456x170mm Universal beam at 2m Steel fixing plate bolted to concrete ned glazing panels hung on tr invisible fixings on a 2m grid
- with Sukeet inv e fixings on a 2m grid

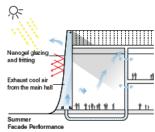


Wall Assembly



Ŗ Thermal insulating blind 11 11 Exhaust air and hea from the main hall -Low energy 1 1 11mt 1 111: lighting Winter Facade Perfo

- Exhaust warm air from the galleries is discharged to the main hall.
 Exhaust warm air from the building is discharged through facade (Low leve).
 Thermal insultating blind is deployed to minimise heat loss.
 Minimum air purge at the top of the facade to atmosphere.



- Ethaust cool air from the galleries is discharged to
- .
- Extrast cool an inor in gamenes is discharged to the main half. It is grand half is discharged through facade (Low leve). Maximum air purge at the top of the facade to atmosphere. .



"quiet animal"

The Guggenheim Helsinki is located at the southwestern edge of Helsinki's South Harbour. Our proposal takes the urban form of a Helsinki city block rotated to the harbour edge to respect both the familiar scale of the historic city grid and the very specific surrounding waterfront condition.

Helsinki city blocks in the 1800s were named after wild animals. Through the use of texture the proposed new block will have the tactile familiarity of a pet's fur.

Two annexes and landscaping are proposed to mediate the civic periphery and resolve transport and delivery requirements.

The first is the "Art Kioski", an exhibition and retail space for young Nordic art with a bar and rooftop restaurant, aligned with the city grid and twinned with the historic market hall. The second is a services pavilion, aligned to the waterfront, enclosing a gravel sculpture garden at the southernmost edge of the site. This pavilion can be increased in size to become an additional ferry terminal. A future third annex in the form of a ship, an "art cruiser" could dock at the ferry terminal and the islands to the south.

The majority of the galleries are contained in six limewashed timber clad volumes which are stacked over two levels. A seventh volume flanks these, containing administrational programme and primary retail. Public spaces including education and events are formed between these and a membrane of textured glass which wraps the entirety, like a collection of cells within a living organism. This glass membrane is an intelligent skin which precisely diffuses the Helsinki daylight creating a visually calm interior whilst transmitting to the city an intriguing sense of what is happening inside.

Translucent at ground level, the glass membrane is transparent toward its top, allowing light transmission, and views through of the skyline beyond. The glass has two scales of refractive texture, so is experienced differently from near and far. The proposal is to use industrialised Finnish craft techniques in the glass manufacturing.

Directly accessed via the side and top lit semiconditioned sculpture hall, the concept for the galleries is a regular arrangement with lines of sight between them and the retail and lecture theatre. They are tall simple spaces with varying possibilities for side and top lighting via the glass membrane and roof lights, or completely artificial lighting. The ground floor galleries can be opened up to form one super-space, which enables a wide range of curatorial approaches.



Two distinct staircases - one wide and convivial like at Senate Square, and the other helical, similar to Aarne Ervi's Porthania, enable visitors to loop between ground and first floor and return to their start without retracing their path. The wider staircase is also used as an projection space for film events.

Aided by the "Art Kioski" the plaza on the northern side of the museum is intended to be inhabited by outdoor installations and events. The waterfront strip to the east is designated as an area reclaimed for open public usage and as a route to the gravel sculpture garden to the south of the site. Taking the new footpath to the west allows the whole block to be circumnavigated.

Both new and timeless, The Guggenheim Helsinki will be a completely unique and very public building. It will be a new waterfront destination from the Esplanadi and overseas, an elegant and functional addition to the city and the Nordic art, architecture and design scene.